TERM	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reading A full breakdown of Y5 Reading objectives can be found here. Note: an additional 15 minutes of independent reading takes place daily and there is a whole class read at the end of each day.	Focus text: 'Good Night Stories for Rebel Girls' by Eleni Favilli and Francesca Cavallo Genres: Biography Reading focuses: Draw inferences (inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions) and justify with evidence. Make comparisons within and across books.	Focus text: 'Hansel and Gretel' by Neil Gaiman and Lorenzo Mattotti Genres: Fiction: traditional tale Reading focuses: • Evaluate authors' language choice, including figurative language • Identify and discuss themes and conventions • Summarise main the main ideas from more than one paragraph	Focus text: 'Odd and the Frost Giants' by Neil Gaiman Genres: Fiction: myths & legends Reading focuses: • Draw inferences (inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions) and justify with evidence. • Make comparisons within and across books.	Focus text: 'Exploring Space' by The Literacy Company Genres: Information, film Reading focuses: Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning. Summarise the main ideas from more than one paragraph, identifying key details. Distinguish between fact and opinion	Focus text: 'Pollution: a look behind the scenes' by The Literacy Company Genres: Persuasion/Information Reading focuses: • Draw inferences (inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions); justify with evidence. • Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.	Focus text: 'African Tales: A Barefoot Collection' by Gcina Mhlophe & Rachel Griffin Genres: Information Reading focuses: • Draw inferences (inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions); justify with evidence. • Evaluate authors' language choice, including figurative language. • Identify and discuss themes and conventions.

	Focus text:	Focus text:	Focus text:	Focus text:	Focus text:	Focus text:
Writing	'Queen of the Falls'	'The Lost Happy	'Arthur and the	'The Darkest Dark'	'The Paperbag Prince' by	'The Hunter' By Paul
	by Chris Van	Endings' by by	Golden Rope' by	by Chris Hadfield	Colin Thompson	Geraghty
full breakdown of	Allsburg	Carol Ann Duffy and	Joe Todd-Stanton		·	
Y5 Writing	, and the second se	Jane Ray				
objectives can be						
found <u>here</u> .	Writing outcome:	Writing outcome:	Writing outcome:	Writing outcome:	Writing outcome:	Writing outcome: Fiction:
	Recount - Diary	Fiction – Traditional	Fiction - Myth	Recount - Biography	Persuasive / Information	Adventure Story
		tale			Poster (hybrid text)	
	Writing focuses:	Writing focuses:	Writing focuses:	Writing focuses:	Writing focuses:	Writing focuses:
	 Engage reader 	Use expanded	Use expanded	Use brackets,	Use modal verbs to	Use relative clauses
	through use of	noun phrases to	noun phrases to	dashes or commas	indicate degrees of	beginning with who, which,
	description, feelings	convey complicated	convey complicated	to indicate	possibility.	where, when, whose, that o
	and opinions.Use adverbs andinformation concisely.		information	parenthesis.	Use devices to build	an omitted relative pronoun
		concisely.	concisely.	'	cohesion within a	Adverbs to indicate
		Describe settings,	Use relative	Use thematic language specific to	paragraph.	degrees of possibility.
	Use rhetorical	characters and	clauses beginning	the subject.	Choose the appropriate	Use a wider range of
	questions to engage	atmosphere.	with who, which,		register.	devices to build cohesion
	reader.	Use of inverted	where, when,	• Use formal	ŭ	across paragraphs.
		commas and other	whose, that or an	language	Use brackets, dashes or	, , ,
	Use consistent 1st	punctuation to	omitted relative	appropriately.	commas to indicate	Link ideas using tense choices.
	person.	punctuate direct	pronoun.	 Link ideas across 	parenthesis (recap).	
	 Write in consistent 	speech	Link ideas across	paragraphs using	 Enhance meaning through 	Powerful, evocative
	tense.		paragraphs using	adverbials and	selecting appropriate	language for settings and
	 Organise 	Engage reader through polaring	adverbials.	tense choices.	grammar and vocabulary.	characters.
	paragraphs around	through selecting effective grammar	Use dialogue to	Variety of verb	 Use commas to clarify 	Combine action, dialogue
	a theme.	and vocabulary e.g.	move action	forms used correctly	meaning and avoid	and description.
		manipulating	forward.	and consistently.	ambiguity in writing.	Develop and keep
		sentence length,	10111011011	Use commas to	Use persuasive language:	characters consistent
		figurative language	Use paragraphs to	clarify meaning and	quotes and rhetorical	through description.
			vary pace and	avoid ambiguity in	questions.	
		Use paragraphs to	emphasis.	writing.	•	
		vary pace and	Use commas to	Engage reader		
		emphasis.	clarify meaning and	through use of		
			avoid ambiguity in	description, feelings		
			writing.	L description, reciligs		

Handwriting A full breakdown of Y5 Handwriting objectives can be found here.	To write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: deciding whether or not to join specific letters choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task. choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices.							
Mathematics A full breakdown of Y5 Mathematics objectives can be found here.	Number: Place Value Number: Addition and Subtraction Statistics	Number: Multiplication and Division Measurement: Perimeter and Area	Number: Multiplication and Division Number: Fractions	Number: Decimals and Percentages Statistics	Number: Decimals Geometry: Properties of Shape Geometry: Position and Direction	Measurement: Converting Units Measurement: Volume		
Religious Education	How and why do Christians read the Bible?	Christmas: the Gospels of Matthew & Luke Christmas: around the world	Jesus: the Teacher	Why do Christians believe that Easter is a celebration of victory? Pentecost: what happened next?	Exploring the lives of significant women in the Old Testament	Exploring Loss, Death & Christian Hope Daniel: did he make the right choice?		
Science A full breakdown of Y5 Science objectives can be found here.	During this unit of work, children will learn that the Earth is part of the solar system and that the Sun is at the centre of that system. They will learn the names of the other planets (based on their distance from the Sun) and be able to	Materials During this unit of work, children will consolidate previous learning by revisiting the properties of solids, liquids and gases; learn to describe the properties of materials using scientific language; investigate which	Living things and their Habitats During this unit of work, children will learn the seven life processes that distinguish living from non-living things. They will consolidate and extend previous learning on the life cycles of plants and	Super Science Experiments Inspirational Scientists British Science Week	Animals including Humans During this unit of work, children will learn about the different stages of the human life cycle. They will discuss a simple timeline first before going into more depth about what happens in the womb, during puberty and when you are older.	During this unit of work, children will consolidate and extend their knowledge of forces by naming individual forces (e.g. gravity, friction, up thrust). They will extend their knowledge of frictional forces (air resistance and water resistance) and plan fair test investigations to discover which shoe has the greatest friction and which		
	describe the movement of Earth (and other planets)	materials make the best thermal insulators; and	animals, comparing and describing differences in the			shapes offer the most water resistance. They will learn how forces can be helpful		

	in relation to the Sun. Children will discover why there is day and night on Earth and relate this to time. They will plan an investigation to answer the question - what happens to the Sun during the daytime? Children will also gain an understanding of the phases of the Moon and be able to describe the Moon's movement in relation to the Earth.	which materials are magnetic. Children will be introduced to key scientific vocabulary to describe the properties of materials (e.g. soluble and insoluble) and investigate how to separate materials using these properties. They will be able to name separation methods (filtering, sieving, evaporation, magnets) and decide on the most efficient method for separating a mixture of materials. They will be able to describe change as reversible or	life cycles of mammals, amphibians, reptiles, birds and insects. They will learn how animals and plants reproduce; comparing differences and similarities between five different animal groups.			and unhelpful in various scenarios and identify the forces involved in each scenario. They will learn what a mechanism is and how pulleys, levers and gears are used to allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.
Art & Design	Drawing: I	irreversible. Need Space	Painting a Portraits	ind Mixed Media:		design: Architecture
A full breakdown of KS2 Art & Design objectives can be found here.	of - Explore the purpose and effect gn of imagery.		 Explore how developed. Combine materials and developed. Develop idea outcome by expensive with materials techniques. Apply knowle 	experimenting	hand observatio - Use basic shape form the compositions. - Notice small det drawing by observation an interesting compatterns, lines a	es to place key features and sition, measuring to work out rails to incorporate into the erving. of their drawing that creates omposition, with a variety of nd texture. re feedback to others about

Computing	YouTuber	My Online Life	STEM Challenges	Making AR Games	Video Game Music Composer	News Reporter and Podcaster	
A full breakdown of KS2 Computing objectives can be found here.	Programme Focus: Book Creator, iMovie, QR Code Reader	Programme Focus: Book Creator	Programme Focus: Book Creator, Microsoft Word, Microsoft Powerpoint, iBooks Author, Seesaw	Programme Focus: Book Creator, Quiver, plickers, HPReveal, QR Code Reader	Programme Focus: Music Maker Jam, Garage Band, Seesaw, www.audiotool.com	Programme Focus: Book Creator, Garage Band, Anchor	
	• The children will learn about what being a "YouTuber" means; the positives and negatives; safety tips and they will create their own video blog (vlog).	The children will explore the objectives as set out by UKCCIS 'Education for a Connected World Framework'.	• In a series of creative STEM challenges, the children will tackle code, maths, art, DT and lots of problem solving.	The children will be introduced to the world of Augmented Reality (AR). They will then be set the task of designing and creating game that uses AR.	The children will learn about audio recording and will write and record their own songs.	The children will produce their own podcasts to publish online.	
Design & Technology	Electrical Syst	ems: Doodlers	Mechanical Systems: Making a Pop-U Book		Cooking and Nutrition: What could be healthier?		
A full breakdown of KS2 Design & Technology objectives can be found here.	electrical products Investigate an exi determine the fac product's form an Put findings from to develop an imp	sting product to tors that affect the d function. research into practice proved product. for another individual	up book - Use layers and sp working of mecha	brief to make my pop	 Understand where food comes from Understand the term 'healthy' Adapt a traditional recipe Complete a food product 		
Geography	Geography What is life like in South America?		Is Scandinavia worth exploring?		How does Japan differ to the United Kingdom?		
A full breakdown of KS2 Geography objectives can be found here.		seyside beaches	Locate Scandinavia' cities on a world map.		Local Links: Liverpool docks and Osaka docks • Know where Japan is in the world.		

	 Find out about the climate in South America. Find out about the major mountain ranges of South America. Find out about the human geography of Rio de Janeiro and compare with Liverpool. Find out about trade and industry in Rio de Janeiro and compare it with Liverpool. Carry out an in-depth study of Rio de Janeiro (Copacabana Beach and compare with Liverpool (Formby/Ainsdale Beach etc). 	 Explore the climate and weather of Scandinavia. Explore the physical features of Scandinavia. Explore some aspects of the human geography of Scandinavia. Be able to compare and contrast Formby with a town in Denmark/Norway/Sweden. Be able to plan a tourist visit to the above Scandinavian destination. 	 Use latitude and longitude to describe the position of Japan, and other countries on a map. Learn about how earthquakes occur and the impact they have on a location. Identify the physical geography of Osaka and compare with Liverpool. Explore the human geography of Osaka and compare with Liverpool. Compare the life of a Japanese school child with a Trinity St. Peter's school child.
History A full breakdown of KS2 History objectives can be found here.	 Why should we remember the Maya? To speculate and make deductions from a range of visual clues. To appreciate the range of Mayan achievement. To consider how they were one of the most sophisticated societies of their age. To consider how the Maya were able to grow so strong in relation to the jungle terrain where they lived. To explore what life was like at the height of the Mayan civilization. To discover how we can possibly know what it was like there 1,000 years ago. To explain why human sacrifice was practised in such a 'civilised' civilisation. To understand that Mayan civilization was in decline at time of Saxon control in Britain. 	 How have the Ancient Greeks influenced us today? To discover how we can possibly know so much about the Ancient Greeks who lived over 2,500 years ago. To uncover what we can work out about everyday life in Ancient Athens from the pottery evidence that remains. To explore why Athens was able to be so strong at this time. To focus on what was so special about life in 5th Century BC Athens that makes us study it. To investigate what we can tell about the Ancient Greeks from their interest in the theatre and festivals like the Olympics. To connect the ways that the Ancient Greeks have influenced our lives today. 	 Were the Victorian times a 'Dark Age' or a 'Golden Age'? To consider the main changes that took place in Formby during this time. To compare and contrast town life to life in the countryside at this time (using Formby/Liverpool as the main example). To consider the main changes in transport within Formby and whether everyone benefitted. To understand that compulsory education came with the Victorians. To make deductions from photographs and other sources about characteristic features of Victorian society, particularly within Formby and the local area. To consider whether the Victorian times were a Dark Age or a Golden Age.

Modern Foreign Languages (Spanish) A full breakdown of KS2 Modern Foreign Languages (Spanish) objectives can be found here.	Phonetics 3 & Do you have a pet? • Know the nouns and indefinite articles for 8 common pets. • Ask somebody if they have a pet and give an answer back. • Say in Spanish what pet we have/do not have and give our pet's name. • Start to use the simple connectives y (and) and pero (but) to make more complex and interesting	 What is the date? Recognise and recall the 12 months of the year in Spanish. Ask what the date is and say the date in Spanish. Ask somebody when their birthday is and say when their own birthday is in Spanish. 	 Recognise and recall the 9 weather expressions in Spanish from memory. Ask what the weather is today and give a reply in Spanish. Describe the weather in Spain, in Spanish using a weather map with symbols. 	• Recognise and recall from memory 21 items of clothing. • Explore the regular 'ar' whole verb present tense conjugation of the verb LLEVAR to describe what you and possibly somebody else is wearing. • Revisit the use of the possessive adjective 'my' in Spanish and describe clothes in terms of colour.	 Habitats Say and write the key elements that animals and plants need to survive. Name the 5 most common types of habitats. Name an animal and a plant that live and grow in each type of habitat. 	Olympics Understand the key facts of the ancient and modern Olympics recounted in Spanish. Learn 10 nouns and articles for common Olympic sports. Explore the full present tense conjugation of the high frequency verb PRACTICAR. Look at the adjectival changes involved when you describe a male Olympian or female Olympian.
Music	clarinet	Clarinet	Clarinet	Rock and Roll	Brass	Brass
A full breakdown of KS2 Music objectives can be found <u>here.</u>	 Pupils listen to a range of musical rhythms with focus, and can internalise and remember specific patterns. Pupils understand the importance of posture when playing an 	 Pupils listen to a range of musical rhythms with focus, and can internalise and remember specific patterns. Pupils understand the importance of posture when playing an 	 Pupils listen to a range of musical rhythms with focus, and can internalise and remember specific patterns. Pupils understand the importance of posture when playing an 	- In this unit pupils explore the genre of rock and roll music through singing, instrumental playing on tuned percussion, composition and improvisation, and listening and appraising.	 Pupils listen to a range of musical rhythms with focus and can internalise and remember specific patterns. Pupils understand the importance of posture when playing an instrument and sit appropriately. Pupils can assemble their instrument and 	 Pupils listen to a range of musical rhythms with focus and can internalise and remember specific patterns. Pupils understand the importance of posture when playing an instrument and sit appropriately. Pupils can assemble their instrument and

Pupils learn instrument and hold it with their hands hold it with their hands instrument and instrument and about the sit sit appropriately. sit in the correct position. in the correct position. Pupils can different Pupils can blow their Pupils can blow their appropriately. appropriately. Pupils can assemble their Pupils can instruments that instruments using the instruments using the assemble their clarinet and hold assemble their typically play in correct lip and mouth correct lip and mouth a rock and roll placement(embouchure) placement(embouchure) clarinet and it with their clarinet and with control and hold it with their hands in the hold it with their band and their with control and hands in the correct position. hands in the role within the produce a pleasing produce a pleasing correct position. Pupils can blow correct position. band; exploring sound. sound. Pupils can blow their Pupils can blow lead and Pupils learn notes C-A Pupils learn notes C-A their their backing vocals. and play a variety of and play a variety of instruments chords, lead pieces using these instruments using correct lip instruments pieces using these using correct lip and teeth guitar and bass using correct lip notes. notes. and teeth Pupils begin to read the Pupils begin to read the placement and teeth quitar. **Pupils** musical notation and placement (embouchure), placement musical notation and (embouchure), with control to (embouchure), consolidate their rhythms, identifying rhythms, identifying with control to with control to learning on notes on the stave. notes on the stave. produce a produce a pleasing sound. produce a rhythm and pitch Pupils are introduced to Pupils are introduced to Pupils learn notation. musical parameters and musical parameters and pleasing sound. pleasing sound. Pupils learn Pupils learn notes C-A and language, language. understanding how understanding how notes C-A and play a variety of notes C-A and play a variety of pieces using play a variety of these change the music, these change the music, and apply these when and apply these when pieces usina these notes. pieces usina these notes. Pupils begin to these notes. playing pieces. playing pieces. Pupils begin to read the musical Pupils begin to read the notation and read the musical notation musical notation rhythms, and rhythms. identifying notes and rhythms. identifying notes identifying notes on the stave. on the stave. Pupils are on the stave. Pupils are introduced to Pupils are introduced to musical introduced to musical parameters and musical parameters and language. parameters and language, understanding language, understanding how these understanding how these change the how these change the music, and change the music, and apply these music, and apply these when playing apply these when playing their pieces. when playing their pieces their pieces.

Physica Educatio	
full breakdo KS2 Physic Education (

A full breakdown of KS2 Physical Education (PE) objectives can be found <u>here.</u>

OAA

- Pupils develop teamwork skills through completion of a number of challenges.
- Pupils work individually, collaboratively in pairs and groups to solve problems. They are encouraged to be inclusive of others, share ideas to create strategies and plans to produce the best solution to a challenge.
- Pupils are also given the opportunity to lead groups and utilise negotiation skills.
- Pupils learn to orientate and navigate using a map.

Athletics

- Pupils are set challenges for distance and time that involve using different styles and combinations of running, jumping and throwing.
- As in all athletic activities, pupils think about how to achieve their greatest possible speed, height, distance or accuracy and learn how to persevere to achieve their personal best.
- They learn how to improve by identifying areas of strength as well as areas to develop.
- Pupils are also given opportunities to lead when officiating as well as observe and provide feedback to others.

Swimming

- Pupils focus on swimming more fluently and with increased confidence and control.
- Pupils work to improve their swimming strokes, learn personal survival techniques and how to stay safe around water.
- Pupils have to keep afloat and propel themselves through the water.
- Pupils are given the opportunity to be creative, designing their own personal survival course and creating a synchronised swimming sequence.
- Pupils take part in team games, collaborating and communicating with others.

Dodgeball

- Pupils will improve on key skills used in dodgeball such as throwing, dodging and catching.
- They also learn how to select and apply tactics to the game to outwit their opponent. In dodgeball, pupils achieve this by hitting opponents with a ball whilst avoiding being hit.
- Pupils are given opportunities to play games independently and are taught the importance of being honest whilst playing to the rules.
- Pupils learn officiating skills when refereeing games and are given opportunities to evaluate and suggest improvements to their own and others' performances.

Hockey

- Pupils will improve their defending and attacking skills playing even-sided games.
- They will start to show control and fluency in dribbling, sending and receiving a ball in a small game situation and under some pressure.
- Pupils will be encouraged to think about how to use tactics and collaborate with others to outwit their opposition.
- Pupils will comment on their own and other's performances and suggest ways to improve.
- They will also recognise the importance of fair play and honesty while self managing games.

Cricket

- Pupils develop the range and quality of striking and fielding skills and their understanding of cricket.
- They learn how to play the different roles of bowler, wicket keeper, fielder and batter.
- In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills,

Tri-Golf

- Pupils will develop skills and apply them to striking, chipping, putting and playing a short and long game.
- They will develop their coordination, accuracy and control of movements.
- They will be confident in selecting the appropriate shot for the situation.
- Pupils will be asked to observe and recognise improvements for their own and others' skills and identify areas of strengths.
- Pupils will be given the opportunity to work on their own and others, taking turns and sharing ideas.
- Pupils will be creative in designing their own course.

Kinball

- In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition.
- Pupils will be given the opportunity to work collaboratively with others and will develop confidence to achieve their best.
- They will understand the importance of abiding by

Fitness · Pupils will take part in a range of fitness challenges to test and record their scores. • They will learn different components of fitness including speed, stamina. strenath. coordination. balance and agility. • Pupils will be given opportunities to work at their maximum and improve their fitness levels. They will need to persevere when they get tired or when they find a challenge hard and are encouraged to support others to do the same. • Pupils are asked to recognise areas in which they make the most improvement using the scores they have collected.

Swimming

- Pupils focus on swimming more fluently and with increased confidence and control.
- Pupils work to improve their swimming strokes, learn personal survival techniques and how to stay safe around water.
- Pupils have to keep afloat and propel themselves through the water.
- Pupils are given the opportunity to be creative, designing their own personal survival course and creating a synchronised swimming sequence.
- Pupils take part in team games, collaborating and communicating with others.

Netball

- Pupils will develop defending and attacking play during even-sided 5a-side netball.
- Pupils will learn to use a range of different passes to keep possession and attack towards a goal. Pupils will be encouraged to work collaboratively to think about how to use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition.
- They will start to show control and fluency when passing, receiving and shooting the ball. They will learn key rules of the game such as footwork, held ball, contact and obstruction.
- Pupils also develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self managing games.

Gymnastics

- Pupils create longer sequences individually, with a partner and a small group.
- They learn a wider range of actions such as inverted movements to include cartwheels and handstands.
- They explore partner relationships such as canon and synchronisation and matching and mirroring.
- Pupils are given opportunities to receive and provide feedback in order to make improvements on their performances. In Gymnastics as a whole, pupils develop performance skills considering the quality and control of their actions.

strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. In cricket, pupils achieve this by striking a ball and trying to avoid fielders, so that they can run between wickets to score runs.

• Pupils are given opportunities to work in collaboration with others, play fairly demonstrating an understanding of the rules, as well as being respectful of the people they play with and against.

Dance

- Pupils learn different styles of dance, working individually, as a pair and in small groups.
- In dance as a whole, pupils think about how to use movement to explore and communicate ideas and issues, and their own feelings and thoughts. As they work, they develop an awareness of the historical and cultural origins of different dances.
- Pupils will be provided with the opportunity to create and perform their work. • They will be asked to provide feedback using the correct dance terminology and will be able to use this feedback to improve their work.

- rules to keep themselves & others safe.
- Pupils will develop character and control through engaging with coping strategies when exposed to competition and will be given the opportunity to take on the role of referee.

Rounders

- Pupils develop the quality and consistency of their fielding skills and understanding of when to use them such as throwing underarm and overarm, catching and retrieving a ball.
- They learn how to play the different roles of bowler, backstop, fielder and batter and to apply tactics in these positions.
- In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition.
- Pupils work with a partner and group to organise and self-manage their own games.
- Pupils play with honesty and fair play when playing competitively.

					Pupils will work safely with each other and show respect towards others.	
PSHE	Being in My World	Celebrating Differences	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Changing Me	Relationships
	Planning the forthcoming year Being a citizen Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences How behaviour affects groups Democracy, having a voice, participating	Cultural differences and how they can cause conflict Racism Rumours and name-calling Types of bullying Material wealth and happiness Enjoying and respecting other cultures	Future dreams The importance of money Jobs and careers Dream job and how to get there Goals in different cultures Supporting others (charity) Motivation	Smoking, including vaping Alcohol Alcohol and antisocial behaviour Emergency aid Body image Relationships with food Healthy choices Motivation and behaviour	Self- and body image Influence of online and media on body image Puberty for girls Puberty for boys Conception (including IVF) Growing responsibility Coping with change Preparing for transition RSE Week Coverage Recognise and discuss pressure from the media to look a certain way and understand that celebrity images are not always reflective of society. Understand physical and emotional changes they will experience during puberty. Understand what to expect as they begin their menstrual cycle (girls only).	Self-recognition and self-worth Building self-esteem Safer online communities Rights and responsibilities online Online gaming and gambling Reducing screen time Dangers of online grooming SMARRT internet safety rules
Global Citizenship	Roald Dahl Day European	TSP's Celebration of Kindness Week	Holocaust Memorial Day	National Careers Week	Earth Day	World Environment Day
Events	Languages Day	(World Kindness Day)	National Storytelling Week	World Book Day	Local and Community History Month	Healthy Eating Week My Money Week
	International Walk to School Month	Anti-Bullying/ Behaviour Awareness Week	Safer Internet Day	International Women's Day	World Red Cross and Red Crescent Day (Red Cross Week)	National School Sport Week

Hello Yellow		Chinese New Year	Brain Awareness		
(Mental Health)	Remembrance		Week	International Day against	
	Sunday	Fairtrade Fortnight		Homophobia and	
Hate Crime			British Science	Transphobia	
Awareness Week	Children In Need	Climate Coalition	Week		
		Day			
Black History Month	Road Safety Week		Comic Relief /Sport		
			Relief		
	Human Rights' Day				