

Maths Assessment Year 6: Algebra Term 2

- 1. Use simple formulae.
- 2. Generate and describe linear number sequences.
- 3. Express missing number problems algebraically.
- 4. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns.
- 5. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.



Maths Assessment Year 6: Algebra Term 2

- 1. Use simple formulae.
- a) Calculate the value of the letter in each equation:

2a = 18	a =
45 = 9b	b =
7c = 56	C =

b) Calculate the value of the letter in each equation:

3d - 6 = 9	d =
81 = 4e + 13	e =
25 - 7f = 11	f =

c) In these equations, **x** is worth 6. Calculate the value of **y**.

y = 2x + 13	y =
100 - 7x = y	y =
$y = x^2$	y =

d) The cost of producing a pack of pens is calculated as follows:

Cost = number of pens x 12p + 5p for the box

How much will a pack of 6 pens cost to produce?



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e) The sequence 5, 8, ⁻	11, 14 can be expressed	as 3n + 2 , where n is t	the term.	
i. Express the sequence	e 7, 11, 15, 19, where	n is the term.		
				1 mark
ii. What is the 10 th ter	m?			
				1 mark
iii. Which term is 123?				
				1 mark
3. Express missing num	iber problems algebraice	ally.		
		journey charge and £2 v much the taxi driver w		
m stands for the num	rber of miles.			
5	5			
4m + 2	4m - 2	2m + 4	2m - 4	1 mark
b) The letter p is 10 le	ss than the letter q .			
Write 2 algebraic exp operations.	pressions to show the re	ationship between p an	d q , using different	
				2 marks
c) Circle any expression	n that is not an accurat	e simplification of the ex	pression a + a + a + b:	
3a + b	b + 3a	3a = b		1 mark
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d) An online shop sells football shirts for $\pounds 8$, with $\pounds 5$ for delivery. To calculate the cost of each order the shop uses the following formula:

8n + 5

n stands for the number of shirts in each order.

i. Calculate the cost of ordering 12 shirts.





e) A school supplier sells boxes of A4 paper for £4, and offers a £2 discount on any order paid for in advance. Write the formula the supplier would use for calculating what to charge for any order paid in advance.

Use \mathbf{n} to represent the number of boxes purchased.





1 mark

1 mark

2 marks

- 4. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns.
- **a)** Find 3 different possible pairs of values for a and b in this equation, where a and b are whole numbers:

ab = 12

Value of a	Value of b

b) Find 3 different possible pairs of values for a and b in this equation, where a and b are whole numbers:

ab - 15 = 17

Value of a	Value of b

c) Calculate the value of each letter:

ef = 21	e + f = 10	e < f	e =	f =
g – h = 3	g + h = 9		g =	h =
i ÷ j = 4	i j = 16		i =	j =









5. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

In this equation, **a** and **b** are different whole numbers that are between 10 and 20.

a) Write the calculations that would show all the possible values of a and b.

a - b = 6

 ${\bf b}{\bf)}$ Use this equation to fill in the missing information in the table below:

a +	- 1	1	=	3Ь	
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Value of a	Value of b
1	
	5
	6
10	



1 mark

4 marks