## Maths Assessment Year 6 Term 3: Algebra

1. Use simple formulae.
2. Generate and describe linear number sequences.
3. Express missing number problems algebraically.
4. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns.
5. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

## Maths Assessment Year 6 Term 3: Algebra

1. Use simple formulae.
a) Calculate the value of the letter in each equation:

| $3 a=18$ | $a=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $63=9 b$ | $b=$ |
| $5 c=95$ | $c=$ |

b) Calculate the value of the letter in each equation:

| $4 d-3=5$ | $d=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $68=5 e+8$ | $e=$ |
| $34-6 f=10$ | $f=$ |

c) In these equations, $\mathbf{x}$ is worth 7. Calculate the value of $\mathbf{y}$.

| $y=2 x+13$ | $y=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $100-7 x=y$ | $y=$ |
| $y=x^{2}$ | $y=$ |

d) The cost of a producing a pack of rubbers is calculated as follows:

Cost $=$ number of rubbers $\times 11 p+6 p$ for the box.
How much will a pack of 12 rubbers cost to produce?

A pack of rubbers costs $£ 3.36$. How many rubbers are in the pack?

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2. Generate and describe linear number sequences.
a) Fill in the first two terms in this sequence:

|  |  | 102 | 111 | 120 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

b) 9 is the first term in this sequence. What is the tenth term?

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
9 & 15 & 21 & 27
\end{array}
$$


c) Find the missing numbers in this linear sequence:

| 41 |  |  | 53 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

d) The formula $4 n+9$ can be used to calculate the value of the terms in this sequence:
13
17
21
25 29

Complete this table.

| term | calculation | value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 st | $4 \times 1+9$ | 13 |
| 5 th |  |  |
| 20 th |  | 89 |
| 100th | $4 \times 100+9$ |  |

e) The sequence $1,4,7,10$ can be expressed as $\mathbf{3 n} \mathbf{- 2}$, where $\mathbf{n}$ is the term.
i. Express the sequence $1,6,11,16$ where $\boldsymbol{n}$ is the term.

ii. What is the $15^{\text {th }}$ term?

iii. Which term is 121 ?

3. Express missing number problems algebraically.
a) A locksmith uses the following charges: $£ 12$ callout charge and $£ 15$ per hour of work. Circle the formula that could be used to calculate how much the locksmith will charge for each job.
$\boldsymbol{h}$ stands for the number of hours.

$$
12 h+15
$$

$$
12 h-15
$$

$$
15 h+12
$$

15h-12
b) The number $\mathbf{p}$ is 8 more than number $\mathbf{q}$.

Write 2 algebraic expressions to show the relationship between $p$ and $q$, using different operations.

c) Circle any expression that is an accurate simplification of the expression $a+b+a+b$ :

$$
2 a+2 b \quad 2(b+a) \quad 2 b+2 a \quad 2(a+b)
$$

d) An online shop sells wellington boots for $£ 7$, with $£ 6$ for delivery. To calculate the cost of each order the shop uses the following formula:
$7 n+6$
$\mathbf{n}$ stands for the number of pairs of wellington boots in each order.
i. Calculate the cost of ordering 8 pairs of wellington boots.

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ii. A residential outdoor centre places an order costing $£ 251$. Calculate how many pairs of wellington boots are ordered.

e) A gardener charges $£ 15$ per hour for his work, but offers a discount of $£ 5$ if paid on the day of work.
Write the formula the gardener would use for calculating what to charge for any work paid on the day.
Use $\mathbf{n}$ to represent the number of hours worked.


## 4. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns.

a) Find 3 different possible pairs of values for $a$ and $b$ in this equation, where $a$ and $b$ are whole numbers:
$a b=30$

| Value of $a$ | Value of $b$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

b) Find 3 different possible pairs of values for $a$ and $b$ in this equation, where $a$ and $b$ are whole numbers:

$$
a b+14=26
$$

| Value of $a$ | Value of $b$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

c) Calculate the value of each letter:

| $e f=35$ | $e+f=12 \quad e>f$ | $e=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $f=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $g-h=7$ | $g+h=15$ | $g=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $h=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| $2 i-j=12$ | $2 j+j=24$ | $i=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | $j=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |

5. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

In this equation, $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are different whole numbers that are between 20 and 32.
a) Write the calculations that would show all the possible values of $a$ and $b$. $a+9=b$
b) Use this equation to fill in the missing information in the table below:

$$
2 a+5=b
$$

| Value of $a$ | Value of $b$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 11 |
| 6 |  |
| 10 | 41 |
|  |  |

